

CHAPTER 755.

(Senate Bill 45)

AN ACT to repeal and re-enact, with amendments, Section 6 of Article 58A of the Annotated Code of Maryland (1939 Edition), title "Loans—Petty", and to add a new section to said Article, said new section to be known as Section 6A and to follow immediately after Section 6 of said Article, relating to the issuing, revocation or suspension of licenses and providing for appeals in such instances.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That Section 6 of Article 58A of the Annotated Code of Maryland (1939 Edition), title "Loans—Petty", be and it is hereby repealed and re-enacted, with amendments, and that a new section be and it is hereby added to said Article, said new section to be known as Section 6A, to follow immediately after Section 6 of said Article and all to read as follows:

6. The Administrator of Loan Laws may, upon notice to the licensee and reasonable opportunity to be heard, revoke or suspend such license upon the finding that the licensee has violated any provision of this Article; and in case the licensee shall be convicted by a court a second time of a violation of section fifteen (15) of this Article, the Administrator of Loan Laws shall revoke such license; provided that the second offense shall have occurred after a prior conviction, in which case another license shall not be issued to such licensee.

6A. The decision of the Administrator of Loan Laws in refusing to issue, revoking or suspending any license shall be subject to appeal to the Circuit Court of any county, or any law Court of Baltimore City, in which the licensee resides or is doing business or in which the office of the Administrator of Loan Laws may be situated. Any such appeal must be taken within thirty (30) days from the date of the decision of the Administrator of Loan Laws. All such appeals shall be upon the record of proceedings before the Administrator of Loan Laws which said record of proceedings shall be certified to the court by said Administrator of Loan Laws, including a statement of all facts considered by said Administrator of Loan Laws on which his finding is based. If, upon the hearing, it shall appear to the court that testimony is necessary for the proper disposition of the matter, the court may allow additional evidence to be introduced. The court may reverse or affirm, wholly or partly, or may modify the decision brought up for review.

There shall be a further right of appeal to the Court of Appeals from the final decision of the court hearing such